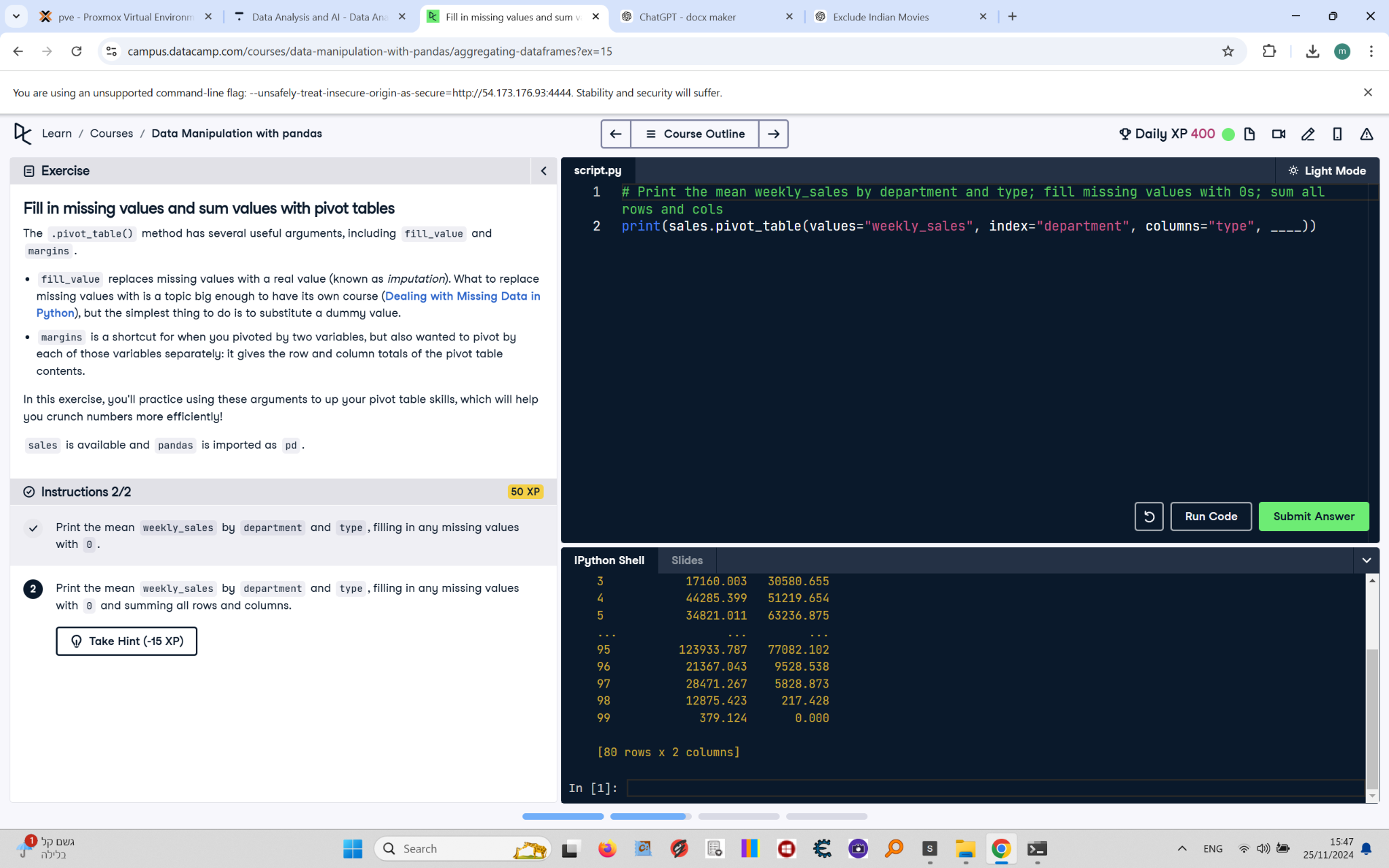
# Fill in Missing Values and Sum Values with Pivot Tables - Instruction 2



The .pivot\_table() method has several useful arguments, including fill\_value and margins.  
  
fill\_value replaces missing values with a real value (known as imputation). margins is a shortcut for when you pivoted by two variables, but also wanted to pivot by each of those variables separately: it gives the row and column totals of the pivot table contents.  
  
In this exercise, you'll practice using these arguments to up your pivot table skills, which will help you crunch numbers more efficiently!  
  
sales is available and pandas is imported as pd.

## Final Answer - Instruction 2

# Print the mean weekly\_sales by department and type; fill missing values with 0s and sum all rows and columns  
print(sales.pivot\_table(values="weekly\_sales", index="department", columns="type", fill\_value=0, margins=True))